Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20037-3213

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John H. Mion, P.C. T 202-663-7901 jmion@sughrue.com

June 21, 2001

BOX PCT

Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

PCT/BE99/00084 -filed July 2, 1999

Re:

Application of Alain VANDERGHEYNST, Jean VAN VLIET and

Eduard PELCKMANS

PROCESS FOR MANUFACTURING (U,Pu)O2 MIXED OXIDE NUCLEAR

FUEL PELLETS FROM NON-FREE-FLOWING UO2 POWDER

Our Ref: Q64867

Dear Sir:

The following documents and fees are submitted herewith in connection with the above application for the purpose of entering the National stage under 35 U.S.C. § 371 and in accordance with Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty:

- ☑ an executed Declaration and Power of Attorney.
- ☑ an English translation of the International Application.
- ☐ an English translation of Article 19 claim amendments.
- \square an English translation of Article 34 amendments (annexes to the IPER).
- ☑ an executed Assignment and PTO 1595 form.
- □ a Form PTO-1449 listing the ISR references, and a complete copy of each reference.
- ☑ a Preliminary Amendment

It is assumed that the International Search Report, will be supplied directly by the International Bureau, but if further copies are needed, the undersigned can easily provide them upon request.

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Commissioner for Patents Page 2 June 20, 2001

Please see the attached PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT before calculating the filing fee.

The Government filing fee is calculated as follows:

Total claims 11 - 20	x \$18.00 =	\$.00
Independent claims 1 -	x \$80.00 =	\$.00
Base Fee		\$860.00
TOTAL FILING FEE		\$860.00
Recordation of Assignment		\$ 40.00
TOTAL FEE		\$900.00

Checks for the statutory filing fee of \$860.00 and Assignment recordation fee of \$40.00 are attached. You are also directed and authorized to charge or credit any difference or overpayment to Deposit Account No. 19-4880. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees under 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.16, 1.17 and 1.492 which may be required during the entire pendency of the application to Deposit Account No. 19-4880. A duplicate copy of this transmittal letter is attached.

There is no claim to priority.

Respectfully submitted,

John H. Mion

Registration No. 18,879

SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS 2100 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20037-3213 (202) 663-7901 June 21, 2001

09/868859 531 Rec'd PCT/F 21 JUN 2001

PATENT APPLICATION Q-64867

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of

Alain DERGHEYNST et al

PCT/BE89/00084

filed July 2, 1999

Appln. No. (NOT YET KNOWN)

Confirmation No. (NOT YET KNOWN)

Filed: June 21, 2001

For: PROCESS FOR MANUFACTURING (U,Pu)O₂ MIXED OXIDE NUCLEAR FUEL PELLETS FROM NON-FREE-

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Preliminary to examination of the above-identified Application, please make the following amendments:

IN THE CLAIMS:

The claims are amended as follows:

- 5. (Amended) The process as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that it furthermore comprises particle size selection by sieving (32) of the granulated UO2 before it is used.
- 8. (Amended) The process as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that, for said granulation of the non-free-flowing UO2, a lubricant is added to it.
- 9. (Amended) The process as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that, for said granulation of the non-free-flowing UO2, a binder is added to it.

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PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT PCT/BE99/00084, FILED JULY 2, 1999

- 10. (Amended) The process as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the sintering (7) of the fuel pellets in an atmosphere of argon and hydrogen is carried out at a temperature between 1600 and 1760°C, the argon possibly being replaced with nitrogen.
- 11. (Amended) The process as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that, during the sintering (7), the oxygen partial pressure is adjusted, preferably by adjusting the H2/H2O ratio in a flushing gas, in order to improve the interdiffusion of the PuO2 and UO2 oxides.

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PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT PCT/BE99/00084, FILED JULY 2, 1999

REMARKS

The above amendments have been made to eliminate all multiple dependent claims (both proper and improper), thereby both ensuring examination of all claims on the merits in the first Office Action and eliminating the need for a multiple dependent claim fee.

Respectfully submitted

stration No. 18,879

SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS, PLLC 2100 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20037-3202 (202) 293-7060 June 21, 2001

- 3 -

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT PCT/BE99/00084, FILED JULY 2, 1999

APPENDIX

VERSION WITH MARKING TO SHOW CHANGES MADE

IN THE CLAIMS:

The claims are amended as follows:

- 5. (Amended) The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 4claim 1, characterized in that it furthermore comprises particle size selection by sieving (32) of the granulated UO2 before it is used.
- 8. (Amended) The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 7claim 1, characterized in that, for said granulation of the non-free-flowing UO2, a lubricant is added to it.
- 9. (Amended) The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 8claim 1, characterized in that, for said granulation of the non-free-flowing UO2, a binder is added to it.
- 10. (Amended) The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 9claim 1, characterized in that the sintering (7) of the fuel pellets in an atmosphere of argon and hydrogen is carried out at a temperature between 1600 and 1760°C, the argon possibly being replaced with nitrogen.
- 11. (Amended) The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 10claim 1, characterized in that, during the sintering (7), the oxygen partial pressure is adjusted, preferably by adjusting the H2/H2O ratio in the a flushing gas, in order to improve the interdiffusion of the PuO2 and UO2 oxides.

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Process for manufacturing (U,Pu)O₂ mixed oxide nuclear fuel pellets from non-free-flowing UO₂ powder

The present invention relates to a process for manufacturing a $(U,Pu)\,O_2$ mixed powder from non-free-flowing UO_2 powders.

The manufacture of fuel for light-water reactors, based on uranium and plutonium oxides, generally called MOX fuel, has been the subject of various developments associated with the desire to to recycl plutonium recovered during spent reprocessing.

The manufacture and irradiation of MOX fuel in light-water reactors are now considered to be a solution for providing reasonnable resistance to the proliferation of plutonium present in a form separated from the fission products, whether this plutonium is either of civilian or military origin.

Several processes for manufacturing MOX fuel have been developed over the last two decades, some of the processes involving the complete milling of the $\rm UO_2$ and $\rm PuO_2$ powders in order to provide an intimate blend, while others are limited to milling only a fraction of these powders.

(standing for MIcronization The MIMAS and MASter blend) process, which was developed by the Applicant of the present invention (see figure 1), comprises the micronization, by milling, of only a fraction of the final blend and uses two successive blending operations to achieve isotopic homogenization and to take advantage of the use of free-flowing UO2 incoming products (especially to ensure that the dies the presses used for pelletizing are properly filled). Using free-flowing UO2 powders in the second blending operation and limiting the milling to only the first blending operation simplify the manufacture (for example рy dispensing with the operations of precompacting/granulating or spheroidization of the

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mixed oxide blend) and have greatly simplified, at the start of industrial implementation , the qualification of MOX fuel by users and the licensing process by the Nuclear Safety Authorities (thanks to the similarity in behavior between this MOX fuel and $\rm UO_2$ fuel).

Various versions of the MIMAS process have been applied, sometimes under names different from MIMAS, but all characterized by two successive blending operations, the second of which uses free-flowing UO_2 .

UO₂ which serves as feed material manufacture of enriched-uranium fuel and, in the great majority of cases, in the manufacture of MOX fuel, is obtained by the conversion of uranium hexafluoride. There are industrial conversion processes which produce free-flowing UO2 powder. This is especially the case with two industrial conversion processes using a wet route, known in the art by the respective names "AUC", coming from the intermediate product (Ammonium Uranyl "TU2", Carbonate), and coming from the transformation unit in which the conversion is carried out. One of the drawbacks of these wet conversion processes is the production of a large amount of liquid effluents which have to be treated before discharge. The wet conversion processes, some of which do not produce free-flowing UO2, are gradually being replaced with dry processes which allow the gaseous effluents to be recycled but which generally produce non-freeflowing UO2 powder.

For the purpose of diversifying the sources of UO_2 powder for manufacturing MOX fuel by MIMAS-type processes, it is therefore useful to be able to employ non-free-flowing UO_2 powders.

Non-free-flowing UO_2 powder processes, for transforming it into free-flowing UO2 granules, and therefore having properties suitable for feeding a pelletizing press, are known. Various mechanical granulation processes, such as precompaction-granulation oragglomeration-

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spheroidization, have been developed and are used on an industrial scale in UO_2 fuel manufacturing plants.

Experience has shown that these granulation processes produce granules of insufficient mechanical strength for correct implementation of the second operation which characterizes the MIMAS blending processes and similar processes. Under the optimum operation of the second blender, the granules are damaged and the flowability of the secondary blend is impaired: the fuel pellets which result therefrom suffer from major defects (excessive variability in the physical properties of the product, local differential shrinkage defects, etc.). Alternatively, if the method of operating the second blender is modified so as to achieve gentle mixing of the powders to be blended, or if the apparatus used for the second blending is modified for the same purpose, the uniformity of distribution of the plutonium within the fuel may be impaired and the MOX pellets thus produced no longer maximum plutonium content variability meet the criteria.

avoid the abovementioned drawbacks, To process for manufacturing MOX fuel from non-freeflowing UO2 powder, which is the subject matter of the invention, comprises a mechanical granulation treatment of the non-free-flowing UO2 powder, which does not modify chemical properties (such the as a stoichiometry) and morphological properties (such as the particle size) of the UO2 powder, but which does ensure the mechanical strength nevertheless flowability that are required to successfully carry out the second blending operation and the pelletizing operation, respectively.

The invention thus obviates the need to supply the MIMAS-type processes with free-flowing UO_2 powders as feed materials.

According to one advantageous method of implementing the invention, non-free-flowing UO_2 powder is used, one part of which is used, as it is, for

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incorporation in the first blend and one part of which undergoes a granulation treatment before being incorporated into the second blend.

In a variant, as a nonlimiting example, said granulation treatment may also be applied to the non-free-flowing UO_2 fraction fed in the first blend

order to avoid the drawback of the abovementioned lack of mechanical strength of granulated by one of the usual conditioning processes, the mechanical treatment according to the invention is carried out either by forcing the non-free-flowing UO2 powder through a screen or sieve, or by compressing this powder into tablets under a high pressure, as for reguired obtaining suitable non-friability and then crushing said tablets. properties, necessary, one or more binders and/or lubricants may be added beforehand to the UO2 powder.

Further details and features of the invention will become apparent from the claims and from the description of the drawings, which are appended to the present specification and which illustrate, by way of nonlimiting examples, the manufacturing process according to the invention.

Figure 1 shows schematically the steps in the manufacture of mixed oxide fuel according to a known process of the MIMAS type.

Figure 2 shows schematically the steps in the manufacture of mixed oxide fuel according to a process of the invention.

Figure 3 shows schematically variants of the process according to the invention.

In the various figures, the same reference notations denote identical or similar components.

The process of the invention, for the use of non-free-flowing UO_2 powder, comprises basically a process for the manufacture of $(U,Pu)O_2$ mixed oxide fuel pellets, that is to say overall (figure 2):

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- dosing and first blending (step 1) of PuO₂ powders and/or UO₂ powders and/or fuel manufacturing scrap;
- micronization (step 2) of this first blend, particularly by milling, and forced sieving (step 3) of its product, for example through a 250 μ m screen mesh;
- additional dosing and second blending (step 4) of the first blend thus treated, UO_2 and, where appropriate, fuel manufacturing scrap;
- addition, and blending with the resulting second blend of one or more lubricants and/or poreformers (step 5), the latter step possibly being completely or partly combined with step 4;
- compression (step 6) of the second blend into pellets using pelletizing presses; and
- sintering (step 7) of the pellets thus formed, preferably in an atmosphere of moistened argon (or nitrogen) and hydrogen.

This mixed oxide fuel pellet manufacturing process may also usually include, for the pellets thus obtained, steps of:

- dry grinding (step 8);
- visual inspection (step 9);
 - stacking up to length (step 10);
 - loading the pellets into a cladding and welding the latter so as to form a fuel rod (step 11, figure 1);
- 30 pressurizing the rods;
 - nondestructive testing/examination of the rods (step 12); and
 - assembling of the rods (step 13).
- Said process of the invention furthermore includes (figure 2) a prior mechanical granulation treatment of all or part of the nonflowing UO_2 (step 29). This treatment may comprise, for example:
 - either (figure 3) steps of compressing the non-free-flowing UO_2 into tablets (step 30) and of

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crushing these tablets (step 31) and, where appropriate, of sieving the crushed material (step 32) in order to form free-flowing granules having properties suitable for being incorporated as the basic constituent in the second blending operation (step 4) or, in a variant, in both blending operations (steps 1 and 4), while maintaining the original chemical composition and original particle size of the original UO_2 ;

or an agglomeration/precompaction/granulation step by forcing the non-free-flowing UO₂ powder through a screen or sieve (step 29), the amount of additive(s), the mesh size of the screen or sieve and the pressure exerted on the powder being adjusted in order to form granules having the suitable properties described above.

A few nonlimiting parameters of the pellet manufacturing process are given below by way of example:

- batch/campaign operation rather than continuous operation;
- plutonium content of the first blend: 20 to 40%
 (step 1);
- milling (step 4) in 60 kg batches for a minimum effective time of 5 hours;
 - use of non-free-flowing UO_2 powders coming from a wet conversion (for example, ex-ADU or ammonium diuranate powder) or from a dry conversion (said conversions being known to those skilled in the art);
 - addition of 0.2 to 0.5% of zinc stearate and 0 to 1% of an AZB pore former (known to those skilled in the art);
- pelletizing compression (step 6) at a pressure between 400 and 700 MPa;
 - sintering (step 7) for at least 4 hours at a temperature between 1600 and 1760°C, in an

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argon atmosphere containing 5% hydrogen, with an $\rm H_2/H_2O$ ratio of 10 to 30; and

- dry centerless grinding (step 8).

By way of nonlimiting example, the compression step (step 30) may be carried out at a pressure of between 50 and 200 MPa, this being tailored according to the characteristics of the non-free-flowing powder. These pressures are therefore higher than the granulation pressures (4 to 10 MPa) generally used in UO₂ nuclear fuel manufacturing plants. Some binder and/or lubricant, both well known to those skilled in the art, may be incorporated into the non-free-flowing UO₂ powder before compression: by way of nonlimiting example, the compression may thus be carried out at a pressure of between 40 and 100 MPa.

way of nonlimiting example, Also by aforementioned tablets may be crushed in one or more jaw crushes or roll mills of 200-250 µm aperture. This crushing may be followed by sieving if the crusher lets through, or runs the risk of letting through, granules having a size greater than 250 µm. The fines possibly crushing may usefully resulting from the incorporated as raw material into the first blending operation (step 1).

By way of yet another nonlimiting example, the operation of forcing the powder through a sieve (step 29) may be carried out in a machine of the kind used in MIMAS-type processes (step 3) to fill the first blend (after the micronization of step 2) before the second blending (step 4). Such machines, which combine agglomeration/precompaction upstream of the sieve and control of the maximum granule size by passing the powder through this same sieve, may produce granules of the desired characteristics directly.

Experience has shown the Applicant that a non-free-flowing powder treated according to the process forming the subject matter of the invention can be used in existing MOX manufacturing plants, by adjusting the parameters of this second blending operation (step 4),

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the pelletizing (step 6) and the sintering (step 7), within the adjustment limits routinely used to optimize the manufacturing process according to the characteristics of the various free-flowing UO_2 powders used for MOX fuel manufacture.

The process of the invention therefore makes it possible to extend the range of UO_2 powders which can be used to manufacture MOX fuel, without loosing the benefit of the similarity between the MOX fuel produced according to the invention and the UO_2 fuel manufactured on an industrial scale by the processes known hitherto, starting from the same non-free-flowing UO_2 powder.

It should be understood that the present invention is in no way limited to the methods of implementation described above and that many modifications may be made thereto without departing from the scope of the claims given hereafter.

The non-free-flowing UO_2 conditioning process 20 may especially be applied to UO_2 coming from a conversion other than the conversion of uranium hexafluoride into UO_2 .

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Claims

- 1. A process for manufacturing $(U, Pu) O_2$ mixed 5 oxide nuclear fuel pellets,
 - comprising:
 - * dosing and first blending (1) of PuO_2 and/or UO_2 powders and/or fuel manufacturing scrap;
- * micronization (2) and forced sieving (3) of this
 10 first blend;
 - * additional dosing and second blending (4) of the first blend thus treated, UO_2 and possibly scrap;
 - * addition and blending of lubricants and/or poreformers (5), separately or in combination with the second blending step (4);
 - * pelletizing (6) of the second blend; and
 - * sintering (7) of the pellets thus formed; and
 furthermore comprising, for at least one portion of the UO₂ powders:
- 20 * selection of non-free-flowing UO2; and
 - * mechanical granulation treatment (29) of the $\rm UO_2$ so as to make it free-flowing, before the $\rm UO_2$ is used as granules in at least said second blending operation.
- 25 2. The process claimed as in claim 1, characterized in that it comprises, for said granulation treatment:
 - * compression (30) of the nonflowing UO_2 into tablets at a pressure greater than that used for the usual UO_2 granulation;
 - * crushing (31) of the tablets obtained, until a flowing crushed material has been formed; and
- * use of at least one portion of this flowing crushed material for said second blending operation (4).
 - 3. The process as claimed in claim 2, characterized in that the compression (30) is carried out at a pressure of between 40 and 200 MPa.

- 4. The process as claimed in claim 2, characterized in that a jaw crusher or a roll mill is used for the crushing step (31).
- 5. The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that it furthermore comprises particle size selection by sieving (32) of the granulated UO_2 before it is used.
 - 6. The process as claimed in claim 5, characterized in that the granulated ${\rm UO}_2$ is separated,
- by the sieving (32), into at least two fractions of different particle sizes, the finest fraction possibly being introduced into the aforementioned first blending operation (1) whereas the other fraction is incorporated into the second blending operation (4).
- 7. The process as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that it comprises, in order to carry out said granulation of the non-free-flowing UO₂, an operation to force the latter through a screen or sieve, the amount of additive(s), the mesh size of the screen or sieve and the pressure exerted on the powder all being adjusted so as to form granules having the appropriate properties.
 - 8. The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 7, characterized in that, for said granulation of the non-free-flowing UO_2 , a lubricant is added to it.
 - 9. The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 8, characterized in that, for said granulation of the non-free-flowing UO_2 , a binder is added to it.
- 10. The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 9, characterized in that the sintering (7) of the fuel pellets in an atmosphere of argon and hydrogen is carried out at a temperature between 1600 and 1760°C, the argon possibly being replaced with nitrogen.
- 11. The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 10, characterized in that, during the sintering (7), the oxygen partial pressure is adjusted, preferably by adjusting the $\rm H_2/H_2O$ ratio in the flushing gas, in order to improve the interdiffusion of the $\rm PuO_2$ and $\rm UO_2$ oxides.

Free-flowing PuO_2 UO_2 1st Blending Micronization 2nd Blending Scrap treatment Pelletizing 6 Sintering 7 Grinding Visual inspection Stacking to length 10 Cladding 11 Nondestructive testing/ 12 controls Assembling 13

Feed Materials

Figure 1

Mixed oxide fuel manufacturing process

Feed Materials

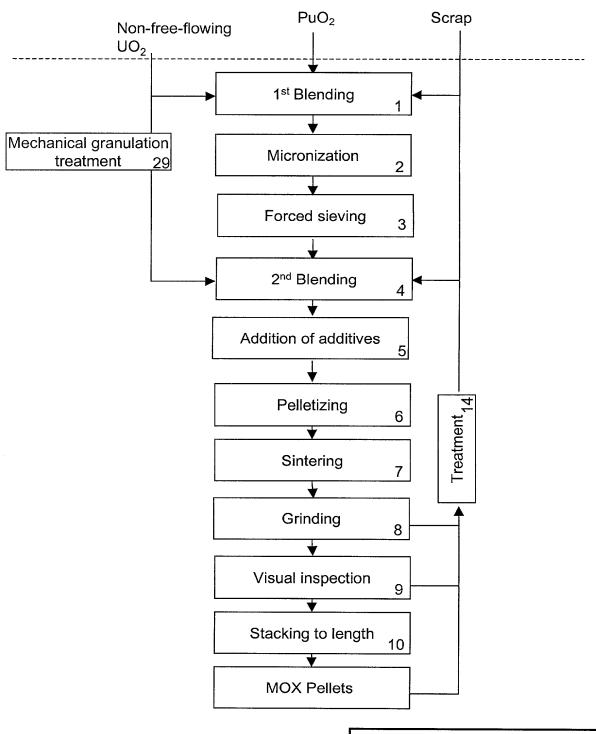
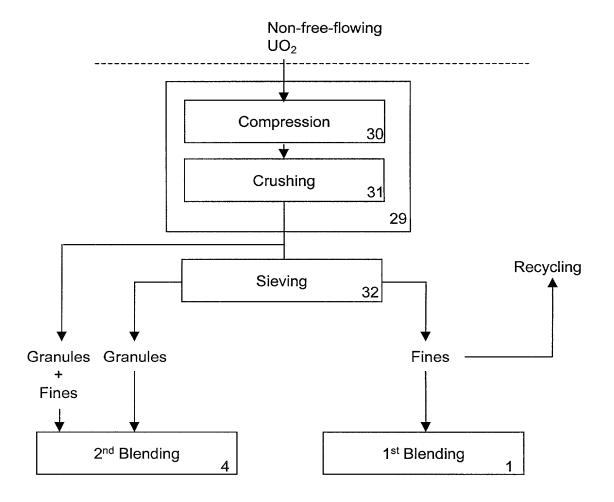


Figure 2

Mixed oxide fuel manufacturing process according to the claim

Feed Materials



Variant of the mechanical granulation treatment of non-flowing UO₂ powders

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

			AD I O WELL OF A SALVE		
	name: that I verily believe inventor (if plural names ar	r, I hereby declare that my reside I am the original, first and sole a e listed below) of the subject matt turing (U, Pu)O ₂ mixed of	inventor (if only one name er claimed and for which a	patent is sought in the pellets from no	a application entitled: on-free-flowing
	which application is:	Z		UC	2 powder
	the attached apple	ication		plication No. <u>PCT</u>	/BE99/00084
	(for original application)		filed	July 2, 1999	, and amended on
			(for de	claration not accompa	mying application)
	amended by any amendment material to the patentability States Code §119(a)-(d) or provisional application(s), of America, listed h	understand the contents of the spat referred to above; that I acknow of this application as defined in 3 ref365(b) of any foreign applicator §365(a) of any PCT Internation clow and have also identified be on having a filing date before that	wledge my dury to disclose 37 C.F.R. 1.56, that I herebtion(s) for patent or invental application which design application application	y claim priority benefator's certificate, §119 nated at least one cour on for patent or invented by priority is claimed:	its under Title 35, United (e) of any United States arry other than the United tor's certificate or of any
	Application Number	Country .	Filing Date	Ye Ye	ority Claimed S No
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	application designating the disclosed in a listed prior United States Code, \$112, defined in 37 C.F.R. 1.56	under 35 United States Code §12 United States, listed below and, i United States or PCT Internation I acknowledge my duty to disc which occurred between the filing	nsofar as the subject matte al application in the mann lose any information man	r of each of the claims or provided by the fu orial to the patentabil	s of this application is not est paragraph of Title 35, ity of this application as
	date of this application:	•			
	date of this application: Application N	•	Filing Date	Statu	
3)	Application No. 1 hereby appoint John H. M. Mexic, Reg. No. 23,063; Wandell A. Biggart, Reg. 1 28,703; John R. Inge, Reg. Turner, Reg. No. 29,710; 31,333; Gordon Kit, Reg. 1 32,197; William H. Mand. Kramer, Reg. No. 33,725; George F. Lehnigk, Reg. I prosecute this application correspondence about the Pennsylvania Avenue, N.V.	Alion, Reg. No. 18,879; Thomas J. Robert V. Sloan, Reg. No. 22,7 No. 24,861; Louis Gubinsky, Reg. No. 26,916; Joseph J. Ruch, J. Howard L. Bernstein, Reg. No. 2 No. 30,764; Susan J. Mack, Reg. No. 32,156; Brian W. H. Paul F. Neils, Reg. No. 33,102; P. No. 36,359, John T. Callahan, Reg. No. 20037-3213	Macpeak, Reg. No. 1922, 75; Peter D. Olexy, Reg. No. 24,835; Neil B. Siege Reg. No. 26,577; Sheld S.665; Alan J. Kasper, Reg. No. 30,951; Frank L. Bern anmon, Reg. No. 32,778; Astett S. Sylvester, Reg. No. 32,607 and Steven e Patent and Trademark CUCHRUE, MION, ZI	State 22; Robert J. Seas, Jr., No. 24,513; J. Frank L. Reg. No. 25,200; D. Ion L Landsman, Reg. Reg. No. 31,484 Abraham J. Rosner, R. 32,765; Robert M. I. M. Gruskin, Reg. No. Office connected there NN, MACPEAK	Reg. No. 21,092; Darryi Osha, Reg. No. 24,625; avid I. Cushing, Reg. No. No. 25,430; Richard C. oth J. Burchfiel, Reg. No. 4; Mark Boland, Reg. No. eg. No. 31,276; Bruce F. Masters, Reg. No. 35,603, 36,818; my attorneys to owith, and request that all & SEAS, PLLC, 2100
3)	I hereby appoint John H. M. Mexic, Reg. No. 23,063; Wardell A. Biggart, Reg. 128,703; John R. Inge, Reg. 131,333; Gordon Kit, Reg. 132,197; William H. Mandi Kramer, Reg. No. 33,725; George F. Lehnigk, Reg. 1 prosecute this application correspondence about the Pennsylvania Avenue, N.V. I hereby declare that all state believed to be true; an made are punishable by fir false statements may jeopa	Alion, Reg. No. 18,879; Thomas J. Robert V. Sloan, Reg. No. 22,7 No. 24,361; Louis Gubinsky, Reg. No. 26,916; Joseph J. Ruch, J. Howard L. Bernstein, Reg. No. 30,764; Susan J. Mack, Reg. No. 30,764; Susan J. Mack, Reg. No. 32,156; Brian W. H. Paul F. Neils, Reg. No. 33,102; I. No. 36,359, John T. Callahan, Reg. and to transact all business in the application be addressed to S. W., Washington, D.C. 20037-3213 utements made herein of my own of further that these statements we are or imprisonment, or both, underdize the validity of the application	Macpeak, Reg. No. 1923, 75; Peter D. Olexy, Reg. No. 24,835; Neil B. Siege M., Reg. No. 26,577; Sheld S.,665; Alan J. Kasper, Reg. No. 30,951; Frank L. Bern annon, Reg. No. 32,778; Astett S. Sylvester, Reg. No. 32,507 and Steven e Patent and Trademark Coughnuts. MION, ZI knowledge are true and the ere made with the knowledge resection 1001 of Title 18	State 22; Robert J. Seas, Jr., No. 24,513; J. Frank el, Reg. No. 25,200; D. Ion L Landsman, Reg. g. No. 25,426; Kenne stein, Reg. No. 31,484 Abraham J. Rosner, R. 32,765; Robert M. I. M. Gruskin, Reg. No. Office connected there NN, MACPEAK at all statements made dge that willful false s of the United States (Reg. No. 21,092; Darryl Osha, Reg. No. 24,625; avid I. Cushing, Reg. No. 10, 25,430; Richard C. oth J. Burchfiel, Reg. No. 15; Mark Boland, Reg. No. 16; Mark Boland, Reg. No. 16; Bruce F. Masters, Reg. No. 35,603, 16,818; my attorneys to the with, and request that all S. SEAS, PLLC, 2100 on information and belief statements and the like so Code and that such willful
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